

Answer 5 of the following 6 questions. All questions are of equal weight.

1. Let  $f_n(x) = (1 - x^2)x^{2n}$ , for  $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$  and for  $x \in [-1, 1]$ .
- (a) Show that the series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f_n(x)$  converges pointwise but not uniformly, and find the limit.
- (b) Show that the series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n f_n(x)$  converges uniformly on  $[-1, 1]$ .

2. (a) Give an example of a continuous function  $f : [1, \infty) \rightarrow [0, \infty)$  such that:

- (i)  $f(x) \geq 0$  for all  $x \in [1, \infty)$ ,  
(ii) the improper integral  $\int_1^{\infty} f(x) dx$  converges,  
(iii) the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f(n)$  diverges.

- (b) Prove or disprove: The series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(1+1/n)}{n}$  converges.

3. (a) Let  $T : C[0, 1] \rightarrow C[0, 1]$  be defined by

$$Tf(x) := x + \int_0^x tf(t)dt.$$

Show that  $T$  is a contraction mapping on  $C[0, 1]$ . That is, show that there exists  $k$  with  $0 < k < 1$  such that  $\| Tf - Tg \| \leq k \| f - g \|$  where  $\| \cdot \|$  denotes the max norm in  $C[0, 1]$ .

- (b) The metric space  $C[0, 1]$  is complete in the metric  $d(f, g) := \sup_x |f(x) - g(x)|$ . Find a closed and bounded subset of  $C[0, 1]$  which is not compact.

4. Let  $b_1 \in \mathbb{R}$  be given and for  $n = 1, 2, \dots$  let

$$b_{n+1} := \frac{1 + b_n^2}{2}$$

Define the set

$$B := \{b_1 \in \mathbb{R} : \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n \text{ converges}\}$$

(i) Describe (identify) the set  $B$  and prove your assertion.

(ii) Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n$  for each  $b_1 \in B$ .

5. (a) Prove that if  $f$  is continuous, nonnegative, but not identically zero on  $[0, 1]$  and if  $g$  is strictly increasing on  $[0, 1]$ , then the Riemann-Stieltjes integral

$$\int_0^1 f dg > 0$$

(b) Let  $\{r_1 = 0, r_2 = 4, r_3, r_4, \dots\}$  be an enumeration of the rational numbers  $Q$  in  $[0, 4]$ . Let

$$h(x) = \begin{cases} 1/n, & \text{if } x = r_n, n = 1, 2, \dots \\ 0, & \text{if } x \in [0, 4] \cap (\mathbb{R} \setminus Q) \end{cases}$$

(i) Prove or disprove:  $h$  is of bounded variation on  $[0, 4]$ .

(ii) Could  $h$  be of bounded variation on  $[0, 1]$ ? Why or why not?

6. (a) Suppose that  $\{f_n\}$  is a sequence of continuous real-valued functions that converges uniformly on a compact set  $D \subset \mathbb{R}$ . Show that  $\{f_n\}$  is uniformly bounded and equicontinuous on  $D$ .

(b) Let  $S$  be a metric space with metric  $d$  and let  $H$  and  $K$  be disjoint closed and nonempty subsets of  $S$ . If  $K$  is compact, show that

$$\inf\{d(x, y) : x \in H, y \in K\} > 0.$$